

## Art/Sculptures/Historic Structures in Como Park

- [Bridge No. L-5853<sup>\[3\]</sup>](#) - Pedestrian bridge over former street car tracks, built in 1904 and engineered by [William S. Hewett](#). It was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 1989. It is significant for being one of the oldest examples of a reinforced concrete bridge.
- [Bridge No. 92247<sup>\[4\]</sup>](#) - Lexington Avenue Bridge - Also built in 1904 and engineered by William S. Hewett, it was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 1989. It is significant for being one of the oldest examples of a reinforced concrete bridge and because it is wider than it is long.
- Cafesjian's Carousel - PTC #33 was built in 1914 by the [Philadelphia Toboggan Company](#) and was restored and saved from auction in 1988.
- Comfort Station - Prairie style restrooms located in the West Picnic Grounds that were completed in 1917 and restored in 1998.
- Constructing Friendship<sup>[5]</sup> - A sculpture by Michael Sinesio created in 2006 as a part of the Minnesota Rocks!<sup>[6]</sup> International Stone Carving Symposium. It is located at the west entrance to the park.
- Frog Pond - Completed in 1910, the overlook has a pergola that was donated in 1929. The granite frog, from which the pond gets its name, is from 1923.
- Gates Ajar - Originally installed in 1894. The iron gates were installed on the structure sometime later during the depression by Chief City Blacksmith, Walter Cronk. Being refurbished in 2007.
- Global Harmony Labyrinth - Dedicated in 2005, it celebrates the Sister City relationship between Saint Paul and [Nagasaki, Japan](#). (read about the construction of the labyrinth)<sup>[7]</sup>
- Granite Frog<sup>[8]</sup> - Located in the middle of Frog Pond directly south of the conservatory, the last remaining component of the original Japanese garden.
- Hamms Memorial Waterfall
- Henrik Ibsen<sup>[9]</sup> - Bust of Norwegian playwright [Henrik Ibsen](#), created by Norwegian-born artist Jacob Fjelde and given to the city in 1907 by a Norwegian fraternal organization. The bust was stolen in 1982 and replaced in the late 1990s. ("Oh, Henrik!")<sup>[10]</sup>
- Historic StreetCar Station - A station for the [Twin City Rapid Transit Company](#) and the Como-Harriet line.
- Joyce Kilmer Memorial Fireplace - The large stone fireplace was erected in 1936 in memory of poet [Joyce Kilmer](#). For years, the fireplace was in a state of disrepair, but in 2011 it was refurbished and rededicated.
- Lakeside Pavilion - The current building was constructed in 1992 as an exact replica of the original 1905 building.
- Lily Pond - Originally built in 1895 and known as the Aquarium, the pond featured exotic lily pads. While the lily pads returned to Como Park at the conservatory in 2005, the original pond has been dry and unused for some time.
- Mannheimer Memorial - Designed in 1905-1906 by [Cass Gilbert](#), who also designed the [Minnesota State Capitol](#) building.
- Paisley Perch<sup>[11]</sup> - Another Minnesota Rocks! sculpture<sup>[11]</sup> created in 2006, this bench-shaped creation is by Peter Morales. It is located at the southern corner of the park off Lexington Avenue, next to the ball fields.
- Points of Compass - A life-size sundial designed and constructed by Superintendent of Parks George Nason in the 1930s.
- Schiller Statue<sup>[12]</sup> - Bronze figure of [Johann von Schiller](#) with a granite base by artist Ignatium Taschner, dedicated in 1907.
- Schiffman Fountain
- Submariner's Memorial - Dedicated in 1965 as a memorial to the lost crew of the [USS Swordfish](#).